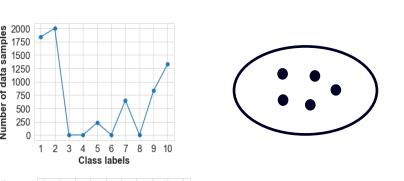
Machine Learning Frameworks for Autonomous System

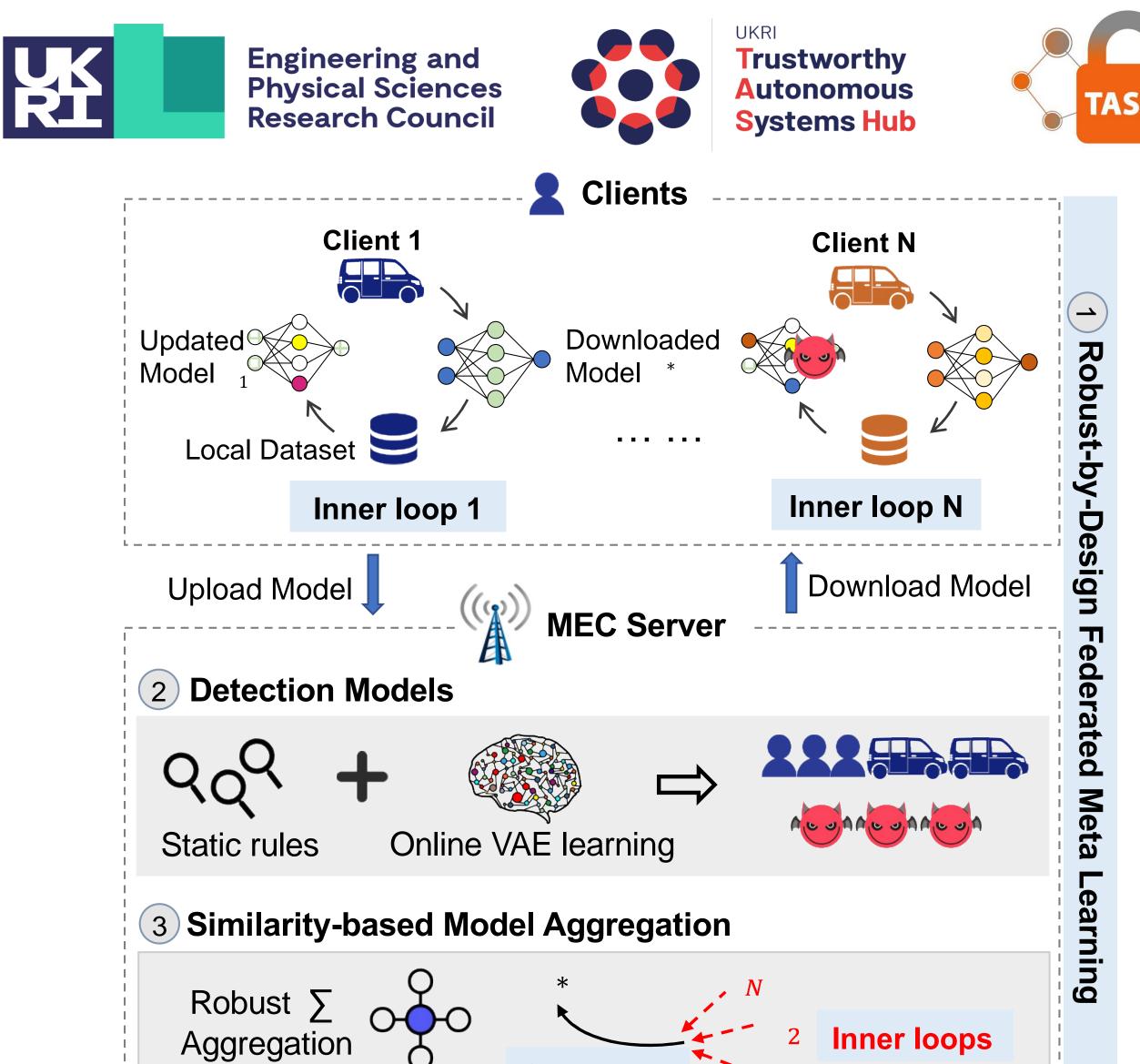
Lancaster University, UK

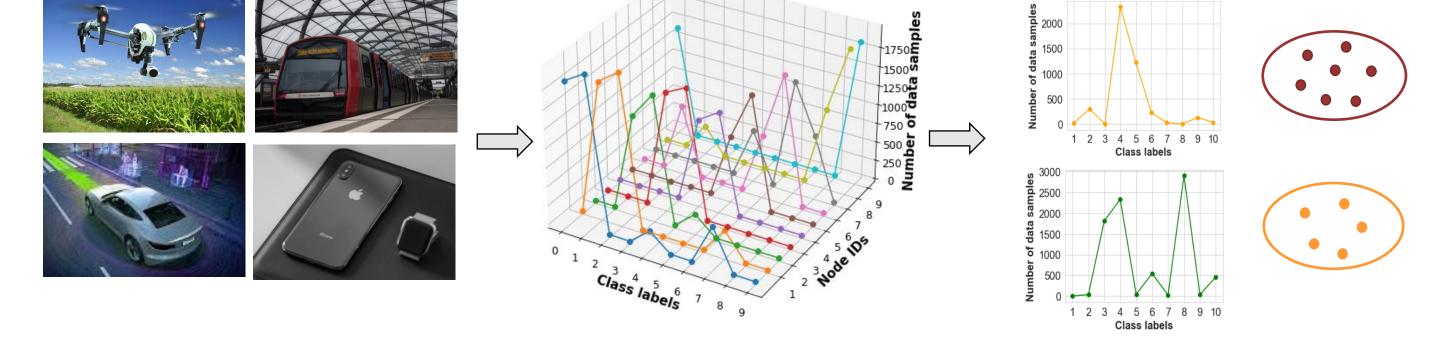
Dr. Zhengxin Yu (z.yu8@lancaster.ac.uk) Prof. Neeraj Suri (neeraj.suri@lancaster.ac.uk)

Heterogenous Data in Autonomous System (AS)

- Distributed nodes in AS contain varied data distribution \bullet
- Centralized Machine Learning (ML) frameworks: \bullet
- Reduce model accuracy
- Privacy risk
- Increase communication cost





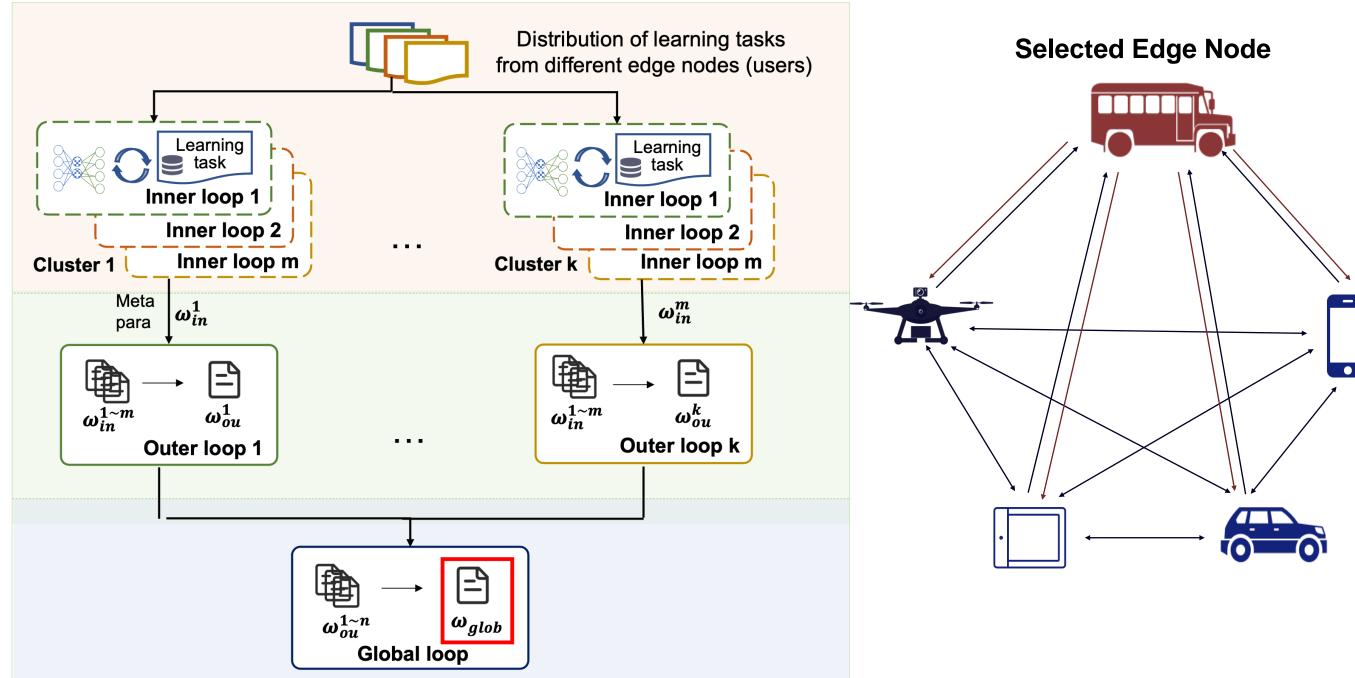


Adaptive and Hierarchical Peer-to-Peer Federated Meta-Learning Framework

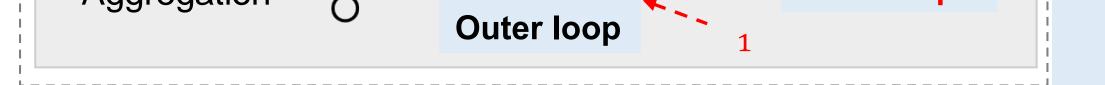
Develop a **hierarchal federated meta-learning** framework to adaptively match the characteristics of heterogeneous data (PPFM)

Contributions:

- A novel hierarchal meta-learning architecture
 - Generate multiple learning loops to match different data distribution \bullet
- A peer-to-peer federated learning approach
 - Ease reliance on the fixed central server \bullet
- A federated learning based data clustering method

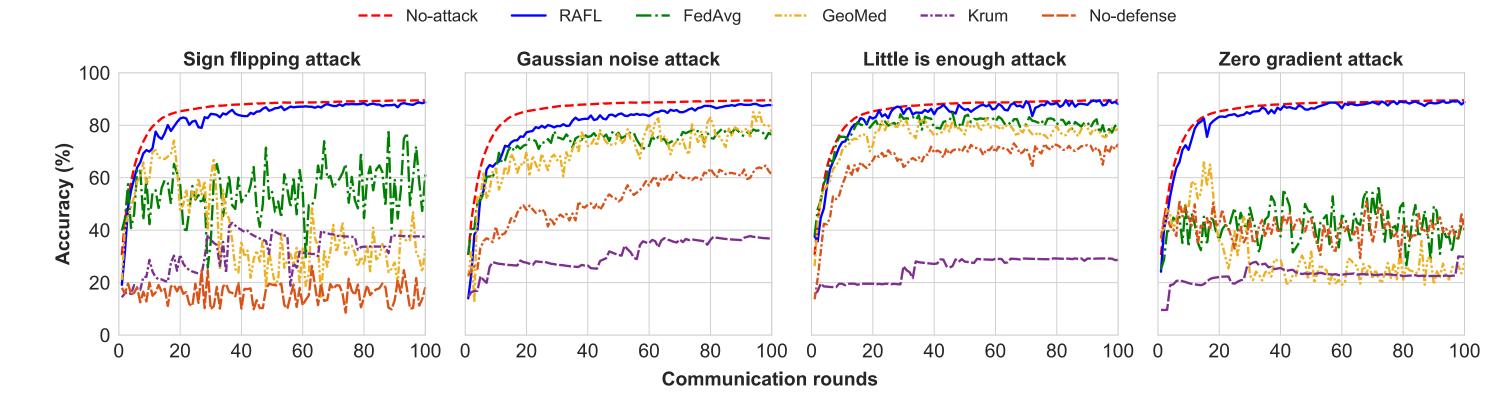






Experimental results:

RAFL is robust by design and outperforms other baseline defensive methods against adversaries in terms of model accuracy and efficiency



Mobility-aware Federated Learning Framework

Develop a **mobility-aware federated meta-learning** framework to reduce the impact of node mobility

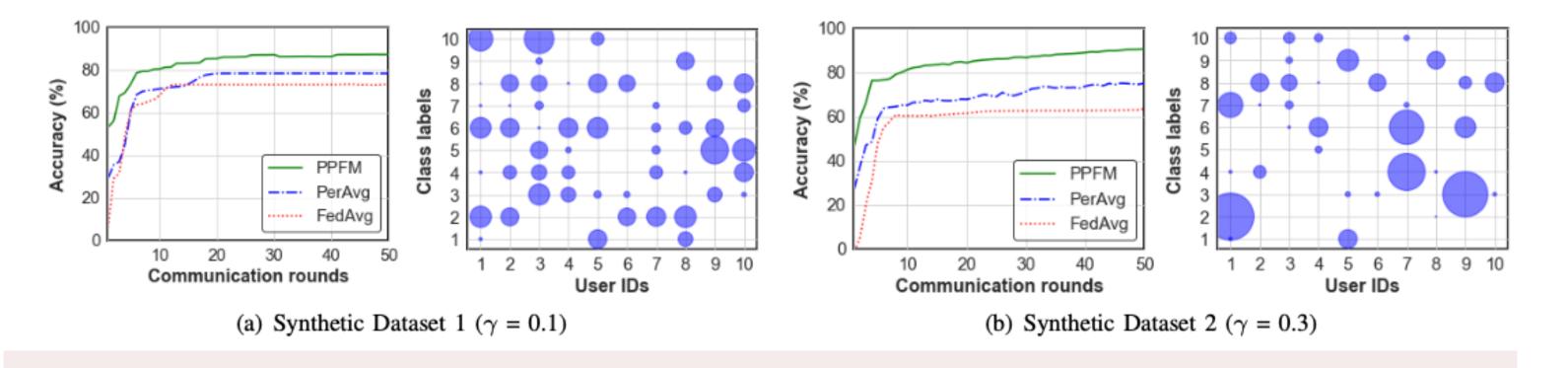
Contributions:

Aerial Platform

- A novel federated split learning architecture
 - Address the fast changing data distribution \bullet

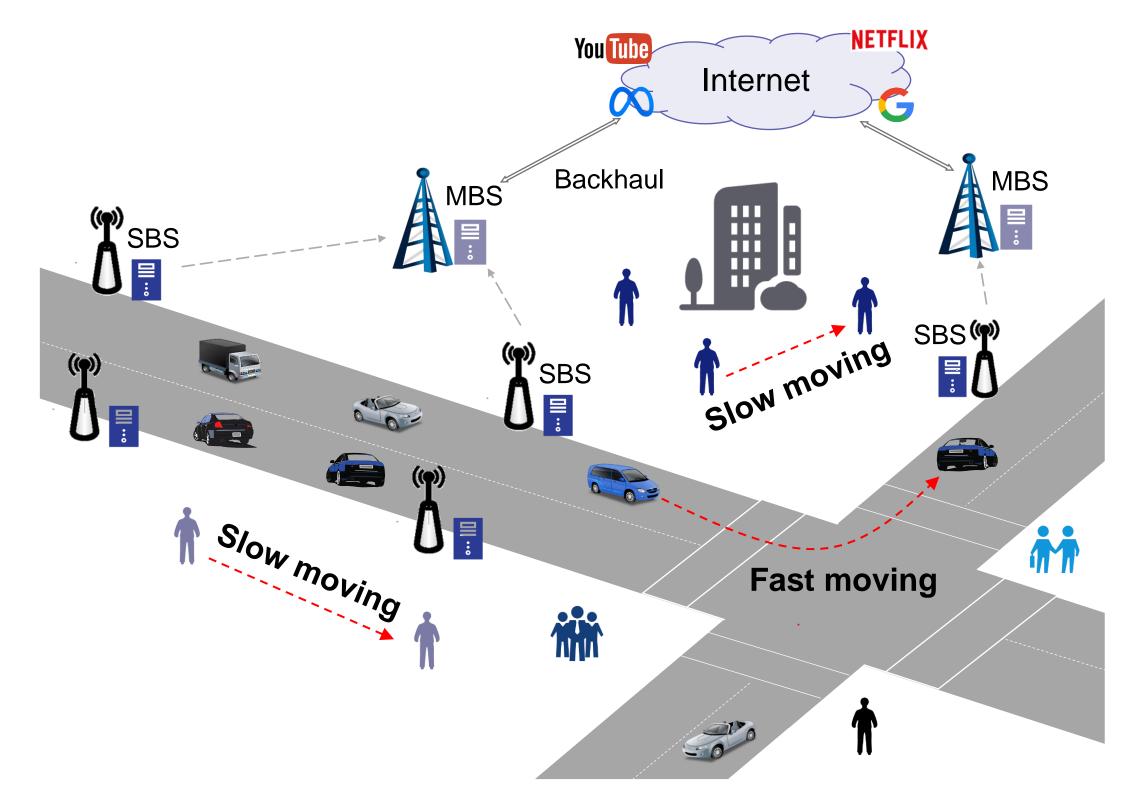
Experimental results:

PPFM improves accuracy and efficiency over the state-of-art approaches



Robust Federated Meta Learning Framework

- A semantic-based clustering approach
 - Quick assign edge nodes with non-IID dataset into different distribution



Case Study: Federated Meta Reinforcement Learning for UAV Navigation

Federated Learning-based Visual Odometry Framework

Develop a **robust and adaptive** federated meta-learning framework against adversaries (RAFL)

Contributions:

- A robust-by-design federated meta-learning architecture
 - Adaptively defend against a range of adversarial attacks. \bullet
- A composite rule-based and learning-based detection method
 - Identify adversaries via ranking domain and low-dimensional embeddings. \bullet
- An adaptive model aggregation method
 - Aggregate the global model by considering the degree of similarity between the meta-model and calculated mean model to resilience attacks.





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- Combining the AI-based solutions with classical filter-based approach
- Utilising RAFL framework to improve pose estimation accuracy
- Aggregating models trained in different environments and conditions

Urban Environments with Different Conditions

